Relationships and Sex Education policy

Stukeley Meadows Primary School



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1. Aims

The aims of relationships and sex education (RSE) at our school are to:

- > Provide a framework in which sensitive discussions can take place
- > Prepare pupils for puberty, and give them an understanding of sexual development and the importance of health and hygiene
- > Help pupils develop feelings of self-respect, confidence and empathy
- > Create a positive culture around issues of sexuality and relationships
- > Teach pupils the correct vocabulary to describe themselves and their bodies

Stukeley Meadows Primary School considers that Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) is an integral part of the Personal, Social, Health Education curriculum. We aim to offer pupils a carefully planned programme on human development, relationships and family life within a safe, comfortable atmosphere and in a secure relationship between teacher and pupil. The programme is set within a moral framework and matched to the pupils' level of maturity.

These aims complement those of the Science curriculum in KS1 and KS2.

2. Statutory requirements

As a maintained primary school we must provide relationships education to all pupils as per section 34 of the Children and Social work act 2017.

However, we are not required to provide sex education but we do need to teach the elements of sex education contained in the science curriculum.

In teaching RSE, we must have regard to <u>guidance</u> issued by the secretary of state as outlined in section 403 of the <u>Education Act 1996</u>.

At Stukeley Meadows Primary School we teach RSE as set out in this policy.

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3. Policy development

This policy has been developed in consultation with staff, governors and parents. The consultation and policy development process involved the following steps:

- 1. Review school Curriculum Leader, along with the PSHE subject leader, pulled together all relevant information including relevant national and local guidance
- 2. Staff consultation all school staff were given the opportunity to look at the policy and make recommendations
- 3. Parent/stakeholder consultation parents and any interested parties were invited to attend a (Zoom) meeting about the policy
- 4. Governor consultation the policy and scheme of work were presented to governors as a part of the Curriculum and Achievement Committee
- 5. Ratification once amendments were made, the policy was shared with governors and ratified

4. Definition

RSE is about the emotional, social and cultural development of pupils, and involves learning about relationships, sexual health, sexuality, healthy lifestyles, diversity and personal identity.

RSE involves a combination of sharing information, and exploring issues and values.

RSE is not about the promotion of sexual activity.

5. Curriculum

Our curriculum is set out as per Appendix 1 but we may need to adapt it as and when necessary.

We have developed the curriculum in consultation with parents, governors and staff, taking into account the age, needs and feelings of pupils. If pupils ask questions outside the scope of this policy, teachers will respond in an appropriate manner so they are fully informed and don't seek answers online. Some such questions may well be referred back to families if deemed appropriate by the teacher.

Primary sex education will focus on:

- > Preparing boys and girls for the changes that adolescence brings
- > How a baby is conceived and born

For more information about our curriculum, see our curriculum map in Appendix 1.

6. Delivery of RSE

As part of RSE, pupils will be taught that strong and mutually supportive relationships are important for family life. Families can include single parent families, LGBT parents, families headed by grandparents, adoptive parents, foster parents/carers amongst other structures. We ensure that no stigma is placed on children based on their home circumstances and will reflect sensitively that some children may have a different structure of support around them (for example: looked after children or young carers).

We aim to provide accurate information and to help to develop skills to enable them to understand differences and respect themselves and others. We hope to prevent and remove prejudice. RSE should contribute to promoting the spiritual, moral, cultural, mental and physical development of pupils at school and within society, thus preparing them for the responsibilities and experiences of adult life. We will work towards this aim in partnership with parents and carers.

We carry out the main RSE curriculum in PSHE lessons, however we will also support children to make connections with their learning in RSE and other subject areas e.g. Science, PE and RE, where it is relevant to do so. Biological aspects of RSE are taught within the science curriculum

Since RSE incorporates the development of self-esteem and relationships, pupils' learning does not just take place through the taught curriculum but through all aspects of school life including the playground. It is important then that all staff understand they have a responsibility to implement this policy and promote the aims of the school at any time they are dealing with children.

RSE is taught within the personal, social, health and economic (PSHE) education curriculum. Biological aspects of RSE are taught within the science curriculum, and other aspects are included in religious education (RE).

Pupils also receive stand-alone sex education sessions delivered by teachers.

Relationships education focuses on teaching the fundamental building blocks and characteristics of positive relationships including:

- > Families and people who care for me
- ➤ Caring friendships
- ➤ Respectful relationships
- ➤ Online relationships
- ➤ Being safe

Primary Sex Education will focus on:

- ➤ Sexual difference and naming body parts
- > Preparing boys and girls for the changes that adolescence brings
- > Exploring the impact of puberty on the body and the importance of physical hygiene
- > Understanding that menstruation is a normal part of growing up
- > How a baby is conceived and born, considered in the context of relationships
- >Answering each other's questions about sex and relationships with confidence and knowing where to find support

For more information about our RSE curriculum, see Appendices 1 and 2.

7. Roles and responsibilities

7.1 The governing board

The governing board will approve the RSE policy, and hold the headteacher to account for its implementation.

7.2 The headteacher

The headteacher is responsible for ensuring that RSE is taught consistently across the school, and for managing requests to withdraw pupils from non-statutory/non-science components of RSE (see section 8).

7.3 Staff

Staff are responsible for:

- ➤ Delivering RSE in a sensitive way
- ➤ Modelling positive attitudes to RSE
- ➤ Monitoring progress
- > Responding to the needs of individual pupils
- ➤ Responding appropriately to pupils whose parents wish them to be withdrawn from the non-statutory/non-science components of RSE

Staff do not have the right to opt out of teaching RSE. Staff who have concerns about teaching RSE are encouraged to discuss this with the headteacher.

Class teachers will be responsible for the teaching of RSE in our school.

7.4 Pupils

Pupils are expected to engage fully in RSE and, when discussing issues related to RSE, treat others with respect and sensitivity.

8. Parents' right to withdraw

Parents do not have the right to withdraw their children from relationships education.

Parents have the right to withdraw their children from the non-statutory/non-science components of sex education within RSE.

Requests for withdrawal should be put in writing using the form found in Appendix 3 of this policy and addressed to the headteacher.

Alternative work will be given to pupils who are withdrawn from sex education.

9. Training

Staff are trained on the delivery of RSE as part of their induction and it is included in our continuing professional development calendar.

The headteacher will also invite visitors from outside the school, such as school nurses or sexual health professionals, to provide support and training to staff teaching RSE if required.

10. Monitoring arrangements

The delivery of RSE is monitored by Mrs. Linda Gavigan through:

- Learning walks
- Planning scrutiny
- Book looks
- > Pupil voice meetings

Pupils' development in RSE is monitored by class teachers as part of our internal assessment systems.

This policy will be reviewed annually by Mrs. Linda Gavigan (PSHE Leader). At every review, the policy will be approved by school governors.



Relationships and Sex Education Curriculum Overview

Primary"						
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Family and relationships	Introduction to RSE What is family? What are friendships? Family and friends help and support each other Making friends Friendship problems Healthy Friendships	Introduction to RSE Families offer stability and love Families are all different Managing friendships Unhappy friendships Valuing me Manners & courtesy Loss and change	Introduction to RSE Healthy families Friendships - conflict Effective communication Learning who to trust Respecting differences Stereotyping	Introduction to RSE Respect & manners Healthy friendships My behaviour Bullying Stereotypes Families in the wider world Loss and change	Introduction to RSE Build a friend Resolving conflict Respecting myself Family life Bullying	Introduction to RSE Respect Developing respectful relationships Stereotypes Bullying Being me Loss and change
Safety and the changing body	Getting lost Making a call to the emergency services Asking for help Appropriate contact Medication Safety at home People who help to keep us safe	The Internet Communicating online Secrets and surprises Appropriate contact Road safety Drug education	Basic first aid Communicating safely online Online safety Fake emails Drugs, alcohol & tobacco Keeping safe out and about	Online restrictions Share aware Basic first aid Privacy and secrecy Consuming information online The changing adolescent body (puberty)	Online friendships Identifying online dangers The changing adolescent body (puberty, including menstruation) First aid Drug education	Drugs alcohol & tobacco First aid Critical digital consumers Social media The changing adolescent body (puberty, conception, birth)

Health and wellbeing	Wonderful me What am I like? Ready for bed Relaxation Hand washing & personal hygiene Sun safety Allergies People who help us stay healthy	Experiencing different emotions Being active Relaxation Steps to success Growth mindset Healthy diet Dental health	My healthy diary Relaxation Who am I? My superpowers Breaking down barriers Dental health	Relaxation The importance of rest Embracing failure Going for goals Taking responsibility for my feelings Healthy meals Sun safety	Relaxation The importance of rest Embracing failure Going for goals Taking responsibility for my feelings Healthy meals Sun safety	What can I be? Mindfulness Taking responsibility for my health Resilience toolkit Immunisation Physical health concerns Habits – positive and negative
Citizenship	Responsibility Community Democracy	Responsibility Community Democracy	Responsibility Community Democracy	Responsibility Community Democracy	Responsibility Community Democracy	Responsibility Community Democracy
Economic well- being	Money Career and aspirations	Money Career and aspirations	Money Career and aspirations	Money Career and aspirations	Money Career and aspirations	Money Career and aspirations
Transition	1 lesson	1 lesson	1 lesson	1 lesson	1 lesson	1 lesson
Identity						What contributes to identity Gender identity

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*Kapow Units (RSE)

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Year 1	MMR 4 Beginning and Belonging	Safety and the changing body	Cit 5 Rights, Rules and Responsibilities	Family and Relationships	Cit 4 Diversity and Communities	Health and Well-being
Year 2	MMR 5 My Emotions	Safety and the changing body	Cit 3 Working Together	Family and Relationships	EW 1 Financial Capability	Health and Well-being
Year 3	MMR 9 Beginning and belonging	Safety and the changing body	Cit 8 Rights, Rules and Responsibilities	Family and Relationships	Cit 7 Diversity and Communities	Health and Well-being
Year 4	MMR 10 My Emotions	Safety and the changing body (1) MMR 12 Anti Bullying	Cit 6 Working Together	Family and Relationships	EW2 Financial Capability	Health and Well-being Safety and the changing body (part 2)
Year 5	MMR 14 Beginning and Belonging	Safety and the changing body (part 1)	Cit 11 Rights, Rules and Responsibility	Family and Relationships	Cit 10 Diversity and Communities	Health and Well-being Safety and the changing body (part 2)
Year 6	MMR 15 My Emotions	Safety and the changing body (part 1) MMR16 Anti -Bullying	Cit 9 Working Together	Family and Relationships	EW3 Financial Capability	Health and Well-being Safety and the changing body (part 2)

Appendix 2: By the end of primary school pupils should know

TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW
Families and	That families are important for children growing up because they can give love, security and stability
people who care about me	• The characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives
	• That others' families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care
	• That stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up
	That marriage represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong
	How to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed
Caring	How important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends
friendships	• The characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties
	That healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others, and do not make others feel lonely or excluded
	• That most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right
	• How to recognise who to trust and who not to trust, how to judge when a friendship is making them feel unhappy or uncomfortable, managing conflict, how to manage these situations and how to seek help or advice from others, if needed

TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW
Respectful relationships	• The importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them (for example, physically, in character, personality or backgrounds), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs
	Practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships
	The conventions of courtesy and manners
	The importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness
	• That in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including those in positions of authority
	 About different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders (primarily reporting bullying to an adult) and how to get help
	What a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive
	The importance of permission-seeking and giving in relationships with friends, peers and adults
Online	That people sometimes behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not
relationships	• That the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to face relationships, including the importance of respect for others online including when we are anonymous
	• The rules and principles for keeping safe online, how to recognise risks, harmful content and contact, and how to report them
	• How to critically consider their online friendships and sources of information including awareness of the risks associated with people they have never met
	How information and data is shared and used online
Being safe	What sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in a digital context)
	• About the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults; including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe
	• That each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other, contact
	How to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online) whom they do not know
	How to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult
	How to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard
	How to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so
	Where to get advice e.g. family, school and/or other sources

Appendix 3: Parent form: withdrawal from sex education within RSE

TO BE COMPLETED BY PARENTS					
Name of child		Class			
Name of parent		Date			
Reason for withdra	awing from sex education withi	in relationsh	ips and sex education		
Any other informa	tion you would like the school t	to consider			
Parent signature					
TO BE COMPLETED BY THE SCHOOL					
Agreed actions from discussion with parents					